ANNALES POLONICI MATHEMATICI LVIII.1 (1993)

## Corrections to "Bifurcation from a saddle connection in functional differential equations: An approach with inclination lemmas" (Dissertationes Math. 291 (1990))

by HANS-OTTO WALTHER (München)

Page 21, line 16: Delete "and is continuous". Include "Each map  $X(t, \cdot, a) : C \to C$  is of class  $C^1$ ."

Page 31, line 10: Add a line:

"(vi) The maps  $DG, DG^-, D_1G, D_1G^-$  are bounded."

Page 32, lines 14 and 15: Delete "and are continuous".

Add "Each map  $Y(t, \cdot, a), R(t, \cdot, a)$  is of class  $C^1$ ."

Page 32, lines 24–26: Delete "The assignments ... into  $L_c(C, C)$ ."

Page 33, lines 10–14: Replace these lines by the following text.

"PROPOSITION 5.! There exists a constant const  $\geq 0$  such that we have

(5.6)  $|D_2 R_{p_a}(t,\psi)| + |D_2 R_{q_a}(t,\psi)| < const$ 

for all  $(t, \psi, a) \in [0, N] \times D^1 \times A_7$ .

Proof. Let  $(t, \psi, a) \in [0, N] \times D^1 \times A_7$  be given. We have

$$|D_2 R(t, \psi, a)| \le |D_2 Y(t, \psi, a)| + |T(t, \cdot, a)|$$

and

$$|D_2 Y(t, \psi, a)| \le \sup |D_1 G| |D_2 X(t, G^-(\psi, a), a)| \sup |D^1 G^-|$$
  
$$\le \sup |D_1 G| \sup |D_1 G^-| (1 + \max |h'|)^{N+1},$$

by Proposition 5.1(vi) and Corollary 3.1. There is a constant  $k_{00} \ge 1$  such that

$$|T(t, \cdot, a)| \le k_{00} e^{-\lambda t} \quad \text{for all } t \ge 0, a \in A_7 \subset A_3.$$

Now the desired estimate becomes obvious.  $\blacksquare$ 

From Proposition 5.3(i) we infer that there exist an open ball  $D^{2.1} \subset D^1$ , centered at  $0 \in C$ , and an open interval  $A_8$  (with  $\operatorname{cl} A_8 \subset A_7$ ) such that we have"

(5.7) . . .

Page 34, lines 25 and 27: Replace "c" by "const".

Page 34, line 28: Replace " $(1 + c + k_0)e^{-\lambda_1 N}$ " by " $(1 + const + k_0)e^{-\lambda_1 N}$ ".

Page 35, lines 10 and 11: Write

 $||p_a \circ Y_a(3,\psi)| \le (const+1)e^{3\mu_2}|p_a\psi||^{"}.$ 

Page 35, line 21: Write

$$"c_4 := \frac{c_3}{(const+1)e^{3\mu_2}}".$$

Page 36, lines 25 and 26: Replace "c" by "const".

MATHEMATISCHES INSTITUT LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS -UNIVERSITÄT THERESIENSTR. 39 D-8000 MÜNCHEN 2, GERMANY

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